

Gene Expression Programming Todistinguish Object in Robobuilder

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Abstract: The purpose of this research to study and develop the GEP algorithm in real time environments such as on devices RoboBuilder, with the main objective GEP RoboBuilder designed on the device will make the learning process from the environment with real-time data and obtained from the robot. The end goal is to design and program code required to make the device RoboBuilder behave independently, in a sense can be learned from such an environment can distinguish two objects and behave in accordance with the conditions of an existing object. Objects are distinguished based on the distance through RoboBuilder PSD sensor. The results are shown in the form of the resulting object distance detection and chromosomal evolution of the best results through GUI Visual C # and console. Objects that are detected by sensors PSD RoboBuilder must have a minimum height was associated with RoboBuilder (greater than or equal to 30 cm) and a diameter of 1cm, to maximize the visibility function PSD sensor.

Keywords: Gene Expression Programming, Robobuilder , Microsoft Visual Studio C#.

Date of Submission: 15-12-2021

Date of acceptance: 30-12-2021

I. INTRODUCTION

Artificial intelligence at this time has evolved, many algorithms are created to find solutions to a complex problem, including the algorithm Gene Expression Programming (GEP). GEP is an algorithm that is included in the category of evolutionary computation, the algorithm uses a system of evolution. Evolutionary system is an optimization process that aims to improve the ability of a system to survive in an environment that changes often, using a computer-based optimization for search solutions to problems as do natural selection, reproduction, mutation and survival of an individual. GEP algorithm excellence is to have a smart decision to take a decision in finding solutions to problems. RoboBuilder is a robot that can mimic some forms, like humans (Huno), spiders (spider) and others. These robots are suitable for the development of science and logic, the robot has the advantage of having control PID (Proportional, Integrated, Derivative) in each servo has, and there is ease in controlling the movement, because it has a protocol in every movement, the programmer only needs to activate protocols for certain movements without having to set some servo used for some movement.

Based on advantages RoboBuilder and algorithms GEP, this research discusses the control RoboBuilder in detecting and distinguishing objects in an environment through PSD sensor on RoboBuilder algorithm-based GEP, the control in question is able to detect objects in an environment and knowing the distance and behavior at every condition of the object with different parameter values generated by the GEP algorithm, so it can be given the circumstances RoboBuilder allows objects even in a different environment or dynamic environments..

1.1.1 Design of Distinguishing Two Objects On GEP Algorithm

Design of Distinguishing Two Objects On GEP Algorithm requires a mapping between the sensor and the motor, in operation of robot behavior is determined by the receipt of data from the sensors, how much distance received by the sensor PSD as sensory information to drive the motor, in the mapping algorithm GEP can be used for a solution to optimize the actions taken by Robot in situations and dynamic environments. The solution is an optimization best individual of each generation produced GEP to control robot.

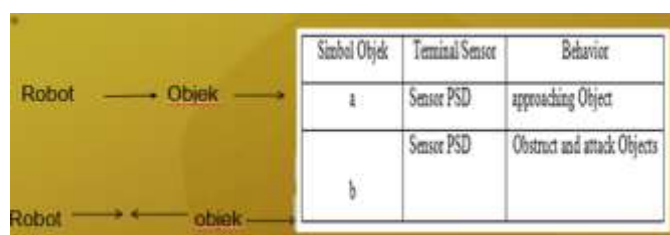


Figure 1. Design Object on GEP Algorithm

1.1.2 Design of Control Algorithm GEP

In determining the parameters in this study, is necessary to analyze the characteristics of the problem in advance, as space problems, availability of adequate mathematical model, and a solution can not be to be the most optimum but acceptable in the real world (Real Time). For these reasons, this study used a large population (1000) for one generation to the probability of the evolution of a uniform 10%, it is not required generation that a lot, about 10 generations of these parameters have reached the optimum value, and terminals used simple, just 2 terminal condition of the object (a and b), with a simple mathematical calculation functions.

Parameter	Pengaturan GEP
Generasi Maksimum	10
Ukuran populasi	1000
Jumlah Gene	2
Head size	10
Fungsi Matematis	+, -, /, *, Q(akar kuadrat)
Terminal	2 (a dan b)
Probabilitas Mutasi	10%
<i>1-Point Recombination</i>	10%
<i>RIS Transposition</i>	10%
<i>randomly seeded runs</i>	100

Figure 2. Design of Control Algorithm GEP

```

if (res2 > 15 & res2 < 30)
{
    ObjA = true;
    Console.WriteLine("Objek A: " + ObjA + "\n");
    checkBox1.Checked = true;
    pcr.runMotion(4); //jalan maju
    PauseForMilliseconds(1000);
    rtb.Text = richTextBox1.Text;
    rtb.Text = rtb.Text + "objek A terdeteksi\n";
    richTextBox1.Text = rtb.Text;
    a = "a";
    Å = (a);
    GEPProses();
}

```

Figure 3. Control Object A

```

else if (res2 < 15)
{
    ObjB = true;
    Console.WriteLine("Objek B: " + ObjB);
    checkBox2.Checked = true;
    pcr.runMotion(3);
    PauseForMilliseconds(1000);
    pcr.runMotion(3);
    PauseForMilliseconds(1000);
    pcr.runMotion(11);
    rtb.Text = richTextBox1.Text;
    rtb.Text = rtb.Text + "objek B terdeteksi :serang\n" ;
    richTextBox1.Text = rtb.Text;
    b = "b";
    B = (b);
    GEPProses();
}

```

Figure 4. Control Object B.

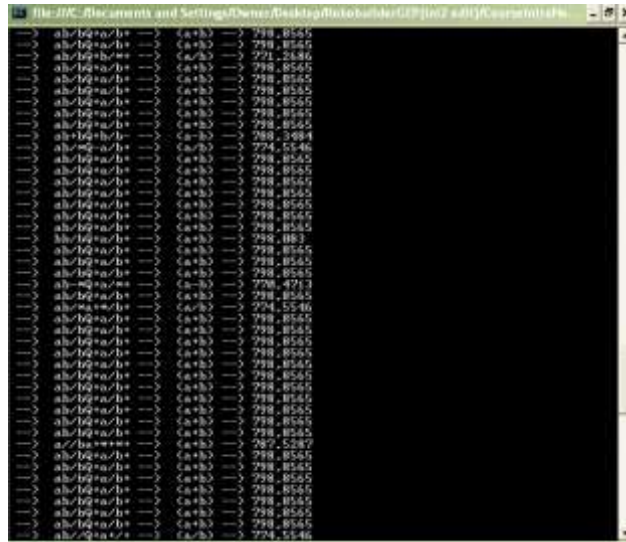


Figure 6. Iteration/Generation 10

In the figure 6 shows iteration / generation 10, in this generation, there is one gene dominates the population, namely genes :

$$ab/bQ+a/b+-> (a+b) -> 798.8565..... (4.1)$$



Figure 7. Detection Object A

